# Elec 201 Midterm 2

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Duration: 90 minutes.

Examination is CLOSED-BOOK and CLOSED-NOTES.

NO CREDIT will be given for ANSWERS without PROPER JUSTIFICATION.

NAME:				
CICNAT	HDF.			

Problem	Points
1	
2	
3	
TOTAL	

You may or may not need the following formulas and attached Table:

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta} \right) \qquad \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2i} \left( e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta} \right)$$
$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \cos 2\theta \right)$$

#### **Summary of Fourier Relations**

Time	Frequency	Formulae
Continuous Periodic	Aperiodic Discrete	$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jkw_0 t}, \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0}$ $a_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{\langle T_0 \rangle} x(t) e^{-jkw_0 t} dt$
Continuous Aperiodic	Aperiodic Continuous	$X(w) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$ $x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega) e^{jwt} dw$
		$X(w) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-jwt}dt$
Discrete Periodic	Periodic Discrete	$x[n] = \sum_{k = \langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$
		$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n = < N >} x[n] e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$
		$X(\theta) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\theta - \frac{2\pi}{N}k); a_{k+N} = a_k$
Discrete Aperiodic	Periodic Continuous	$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} X(\theta) e^{j\theta n} d\theta$
		$X(\theta) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]e^{-j\theta n}$

$$\sin(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\pi t}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{\sin(\omega_0 t)}{\pi t} \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & |\omega| < \omega_0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & |t| < T_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad X(\omega) = \frac{2\sin(\omega T_1)}{\omega}$$

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & |n| \le N_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad X(\Omega) = \frac{\sin(\Omega(N_1 + 1/2))}{\sin(\Omega/2)}$$

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin(\alpha \pi n)}{\pi n} \qquad \Leftrightarrow \qquad X(\Omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & |\Omega| < \alpha \pi \\ 0 & \alpha \pi < |\Omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

### PROBLEM 1: (40 Points)

1.

Find Fourier Transform of the following signals:

a. 
$$x[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi}{3}n)\sin(\frac{\pi}{5}n)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|}$$
 (8 Points)

b. 
$$x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - 3n)$$
 (8 Points)

2.

Find inverse Fourier Transform of the following:

a. 
$$X(e^{j\Omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^k \delta(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{2}k)$$
 (8 Points)

b. 
$$X(w)$$
 is the following (8 Points)

c. 
$$X(\omega) = \frac{j}{(j\omega + a)^2}$$
 (8 Points)

# PROBLEM 2: (30 Points)

When the input to an LTI system is given by:

$$\frac{6}{6}y[n] - \frac{5}{6}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{6}y[n-2] = x[n-1]$$

- a. What is the output of this system if the input is  $x[n] = \sin(5\pi n/2 \pi)$ ? (5 Points)
- b. What is the frequency response,  $H(\Omega)$ , of this system? (5 Points)
- c. What is the output of this system if the input is  $x[n] = (-1)^n$ ? (5 Points)
- d. What is the impulse response h[n] of this system? (15 Points)

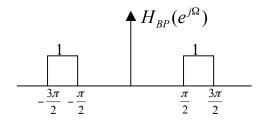
### PROBLEM 3: (30 Points)

1. Let 
$$x(t) = e^{-|10t|}$$

- a. Find the corresponding continuous time Fourier Transform of x(t)? (7 Points)
- b. If we desire to sample this signal with  $w_s = 200\pi$ , how should we process x(t) before sampling to avoid aliasing? (8 Points)

2.

a) Write the impulse response h[n] of the following bandpass digital filter, given between  $[-\pi,\pi]$ : (7 Points)



b) What is the output of this system if  $x[n] = \cos(\pi n) + \cos(\pi n/4)$ ? (8 Points)