

**EEE 424
Midterm 2**

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Duration: 90 minutes.

Examination is CLOSED-BOOK and CLOSED-NOTES. Do NOT use CALCULATOR.

NO CREDIT will be given for ANSWERS without PROPER JUSTIFICATION.

NO CREDIT will be given for ANSWERS written out of PLACE.

NAME: _____

ID NUMBER: _____

SIGNATURE: _____

You may or may not need the following formulas:

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}(e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta})$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2j}(e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta})$$

$$\sum_{k=M}^N \alpha^k = \frac{\alpha^M - \alpha^{N+1}}{1 - \alpha}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\theta)$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

Continuous-Time Fourier Series	$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}, \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0}, a_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{\langle T_0 \rangle} x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$ $X(\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$
Continuous-Time Fourier Transform	$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega, X(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$
Discrete-Time Fourier Series	$x[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}, a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$ $X(\theta) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\theta - \frac{2\pi}{N}k); a_{k+N} = a_k$
Discrete-Time Fourier Transform	$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} X(\theta) e^{j\theta n} d\theta$ $X(\theta) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\theta n}$

$$x(t) = \frac{\sin(\omega_0 t)}{\pi} \Leftrightarrow X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & |\omega| < \omega_0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & |t| < T_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow X(\omega) = \frac{2 \sin(\omega T_1)}{\omega}$$

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & |n| \leq N_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow X(\Omega) = \frac{\sin(\Omega(N_1 + 1/2))}{\sin(\Omega/2)}$$

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin(a\pi n)}{\pi n} \Leftrightarrow X(\Omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & |\Omega| < a\pi \\ 0 & a\pi < |\Omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$x[n] = a^n u[n], |a| < 1, \Leftrightarrow X(\Omega) = \frac{1}{1 - a e^{-j\Omega}}$$

PROBLEM 1: (35 points) No credit will be given to answers without proper justification.

Given that the output of an LTI system is

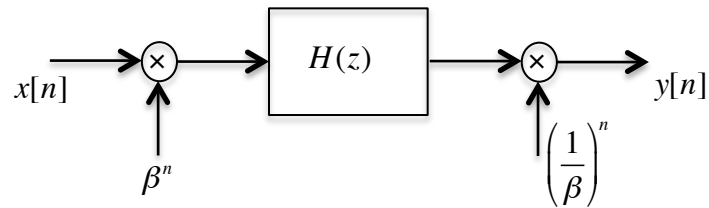
$$y[n] = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1],$$

and the input of the system is

$$x[n] = 3^n u[-n-1],$$

- a) (5 Points) Write the corresponding difference equation.
- b) (15 Points) Find $H(z)$ and $h[n]$ for all ROCs. Find the type of the filter, e.g., LPF, HPF, BPF, when the DTFT exists?
- c) (15 Points) For each case, specify whether the system is stable, causal, zero phase or linear phase?

PROBLEM 2: (35 points) No credit will be given to answers without proper justification.



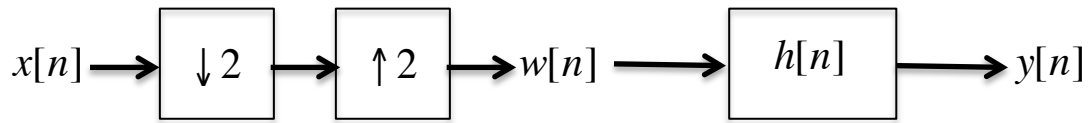
Given that $x[n]$ is the input and $y[n]$ is the output to the overall system, and

$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - (1/2)z^{-1}}$ is a casual LTI filter.

- Is the overall system linear? Is the overall system time invariant? (5 Points)
- What is $Y(z)$ in terms of $X(z)$? What is the ROC of $Y(z)$ in terms of $X(z)$. (5 Points)
- What is $y[n]$ given that $x[n] = \delta[n - 1]$? (5 Points)
- Given that $x[n] = 2\sin(2\pi n / 3 + \pi / 4)$ and $\beta = e^{j(\pi/8)n}$, what is the output $y[n]$? (10 Points)

PROBLEM 3: (30 points) No credit will be given to answers without proper justification.

- a) Given the system below, where $h[n]$ is a perfect low pass filter with cutoff frequency $\omega_c = \pi/3$



- i) (5 Points) What is the DTFT of $w[n]$ in terms of the DTFT of $x[n]$? (Hint: Just write $w[n]$ in terms of $x[n]$.)
- ii) (10 Points) What is the output $y[n]$ given that $x[n] = \sin(\pi n / 5)$?
- b) (15 Points) Find the DTFT of $y[n]=x[2n]$ in terms of DTFT of $x[n]$.

