

# HW #11

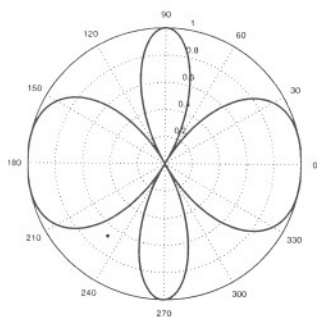
## SOLUTIONS

a) 
$$AF = \sum_{n=1}^N \exp(j(n-1)\varphi) = 1 + \exp(j\varphi) = 2 \exp(-j\frac{\varphi}{2}) \cos\left(\frac{\varphi}{2}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow |AF|_{Normalized} = \cos\left(\frac{k2d \cos\theta + \alpha 2d}{2}\right) = \cos(kd \cos\theta + \alpha d)$$

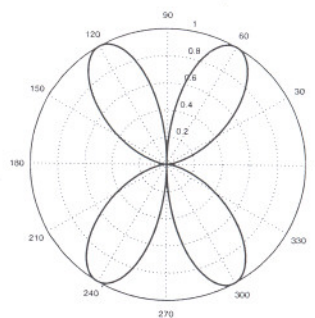
i)  $\alpha d = 0, kd = \pi$

$|AF|_{Normalized} = |\cos(\pi \cos\theta)|$



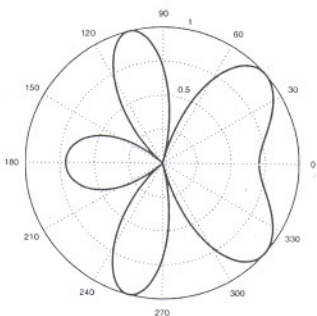
ii)  $\alpha d = \pi/2, kd = \pi$

$|AF|_{Normalized} = \left| \cos\left(\pi \cos\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right| = |\sin(\pi \cos\theta)|$



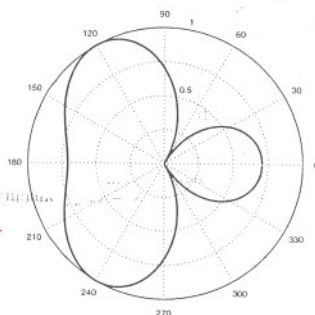
iii)  $\alpha d = \pi/4, kd = \pi$

$|AF|_{Normalized} = \left| \cos\left(\pi \cos\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right|$



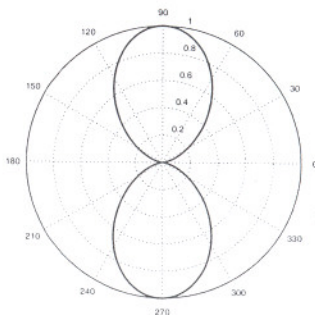
iv)  $\alpha d = \pi/4, kd = \pi/2$

$|AF|_{Normalized} = \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right|$



v)  $\alpha d = 0, kd = \pi/2$

$|AF|_{Normalized} = \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta\right) \right|$



b)  $E_3 = 2E_0:$

$$AF = \sum_{n=1}^N \exp(j(n-1)\varphi) = 1 + 2e^{j\varphi} + e^{j2\varphi} = e^{j\varphi} (e^{-j\varphi} + 2 + e^{j\varphi})$$

$$\rightarrow |AF| = |e^{-j\varphi} + 2 + e^{j\varphi}| = |2 + 2\cos\varphi| = 4\cos^2\frac{\varphi}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow |AF|_{\text{Normalized}} = \cos^2\left(\frac{kd\cos\theta + \alpha d}{2}\right) = \cos^2\left(\frac{kd\cos\theta}{2}\right) = \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\theta\right)$$

Nulls: No null      Maxima:  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

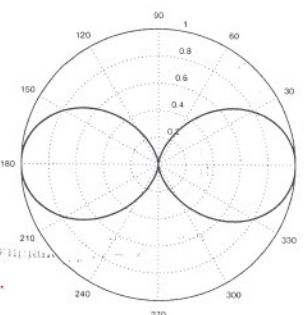
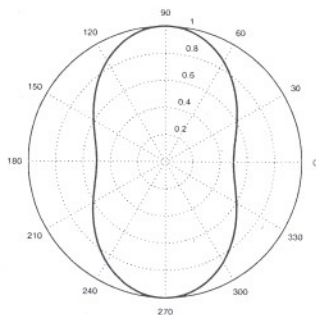
$E_3 = -2E_0:$

$$AF = \sum_{n=1}^N \exp(j(n-1)\varphi) = 1 - 2e^{j\varphi} + e^{j2\varphi} = e^{j\varphi} (e^{-j\varphi} - 2 + e^{j\varphi})$$

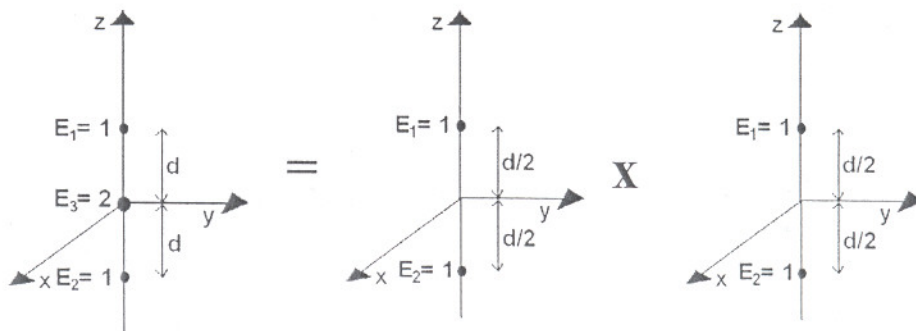
$$\rightarrow |AF| = |e^{-j\varphi} - 2 + e^{j\varphi}| = |-2 + 2\cos\varphi| = 4\sin^2\frac{\varphi}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow |AF|_{\text{Normalized}} = \sin^2\left(\frac{kd\cos\theta + \alpha d}{2}\right) = \sin^2\left(\frac{kd\cos\theta}{2}\right) = \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\theta\right)$$

Nulls:  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$       Maxima:  $\theta = 0, \pi$



c)



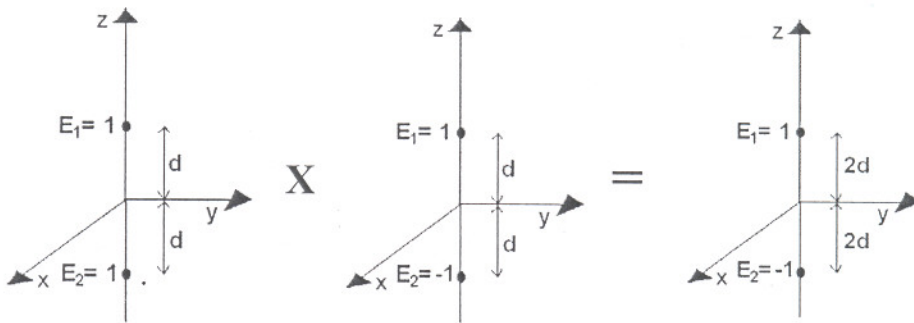
As shown in the figure, the 3-element array is the array of two arrays that are similar to (scaled) one in (v). Therefore the array factor of the 3-element array is

$$\begin{aligned} |AF|_{Normalized} &= |AF_V(d/2)| |AF_V(d/2)| \\ &= \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \cos\theta\right) \right| \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \cos\theta\right) \right| = \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \cos\theta\right) \end{aligned}$$

as we found in (b).

d)  $|AF|_{Normalized} = 2 \left| \cos(\pi \cos\theta) \right| \left| \sin(\pi \cos\theta) \right| = \left| \sin(2\pi \cos\theta) \right|$

What we do schematically is



If we calculate the array factor of the resulting array directly

$$|AF|_{Normalized} = \left| \cos\left(2\pi \cos\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right| = \left| \sin(2\pi \cos\theta) \right|$$

as expected.

e)  $AF = \sum_{n=1}^N \exp(j(n-1)\varphi) = 1 + \exp(j\varphi) = 1 + \exp(jkd \cos\theta + j\beta)$

$$AF = 1 + \exp\left(j\frac{\pi}{2} \cos\theta + j\beta\right) \rightarrow |AF| = \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} \cos\theta + \frac{\beta}{2}\right) \right|$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow |AF| = \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\beta}{2}\right) \right|$$

For maximum array factor,  $\beta = -\pi/2 \pm 2\pi k$

