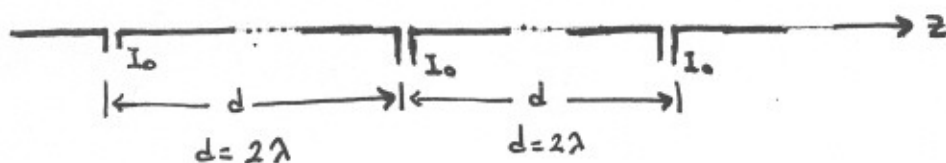
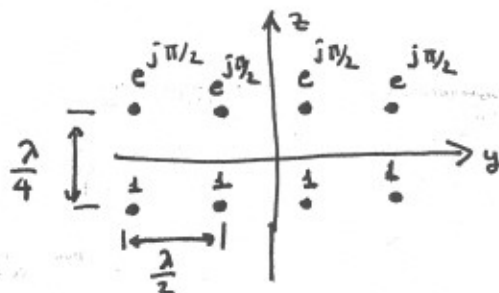


Homework # 13

- ① Question 6.21 on page 375 of your textbook.
- ② Question 6.26 on page 375 of your textbook. (This question continues on page 376).
- ③ Question 6.76 on page 384 of your textbook.
- ④ Consider an interferometer which is constructed from three collinear half-wave dipoles spaced 2 wavelengths apart as shown in the figure. Sketch the polar plot of the complete array pattern.



- ⑤ The figure on the right shows a two-dimensional array of isotropic elements. The separation between the elements are $dy = \lambda/2$ and $dx = \lambda/4$. The array is excited in such a way that the 4 elements located at $z > 0$ are excited with $e^{j\pi/2}$ and the other 4 elements located at $z < 0$ are excited with 1.



- (a) Find the magnitude of the normalized array factor by treating the pairs of elements oriented vertically as the "elements" of 4-element-array aligned in the y-direction. Plot it on the x-y, z-y and z-x cuts.
- (b) Find the magnitude of the normalized array factor by treating the horizontal groups (4 elements) as the "elements" of 2-element-array aligned in the z-direction.

- (c) Derive the magnitude of the normalized array factor of the 2-D array shown on the right by using the array factor of the array in (a & b). Plot the magnitude of the normalized array factor on the x-y, z-y, and z-x cuts.

