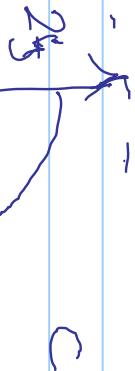


Problem 1

$$\left| \int_C z^2 - 1 dz \right| \leq \frac{\pi}{3} |z|=2$$



$$z = r e^{j\theta}, \quad r \equiv |z|$$

$$z^2 = r^2 e^{j2\theta}$$

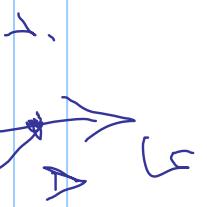
$$M_R^{-1} = \left| z^2 - 1 \right| \geq |z^2| - 1 = r^2 - 1 = 3$$

$$\frac{2\pi L}{4} = L = \pi$$

~~$$M_R L = \frac{\pi}{3}$$~~

```
% FOR PROBLEM 2
clear all; close all;clc;
% C1 path integral
% leg AO parametrically z=0+iy (0<=y<=1)
% f(z)=y
syms x y;
fintAO=int (i*y^2,1,0);
% leg OB parametrically z=x+i (0<=x<=1)
% fintOB=int (-x,0,1);
fintC1=fintAO+fintOB
% C1 contour integral result
fintC2=int (((1-x)^2-x+4*i*x*(1-x))*(1-i),0,1)
ftotal = fintC1 - fintC2
```

Problem 2



$$I_1 = \int_{C_1} f(z) dz = \int_{AO} f(z) dz + \int_{OB} f(z) dz$$

$$I_2 = \int_{\Omega} f(z) dz = \int_{AB} f(z) dz$$

$$f(z) = y^2 - x + iyxy - z = xy + iy$$

$$\begin{aligned} z^2 &= x+iy \\ z^1 &= y \end{aligned} \quad \left(\int_{AO} y^2 dy - i \int_0^y y^2 dy = i \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{i}{3} \right) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z &= x+i0 \\ z^1 &= 1 \end{aligned} \quad \left(\int_{OB} (-x) \cdot 1 dx = -\frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} z &= t + (-t)i \\ z^1 &= 1 - t \end{aligned} \quad \left(1 - t \right) \int_0^1 \left((1-t)^2 - t + i(1-t)(1-t) \right) dt$$

$$\left(1 - t \right) \left[-\frac{(1-t)^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 + 4i \left(\frac{t^2}{2} - \frac{t^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 \right]$$

$$(1-i) \left[\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}i + 4i\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}i\right) \right]$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}i \right) (1-i) = -\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{3}i + \frac{1}{6}i + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\int_{C_1} f(\epsilon) d\epsilon - \int_{C_2} g(\epsilon) d\epsilon = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{6}i \right)$$

$$= -1 - \frac{7}{6}i$$

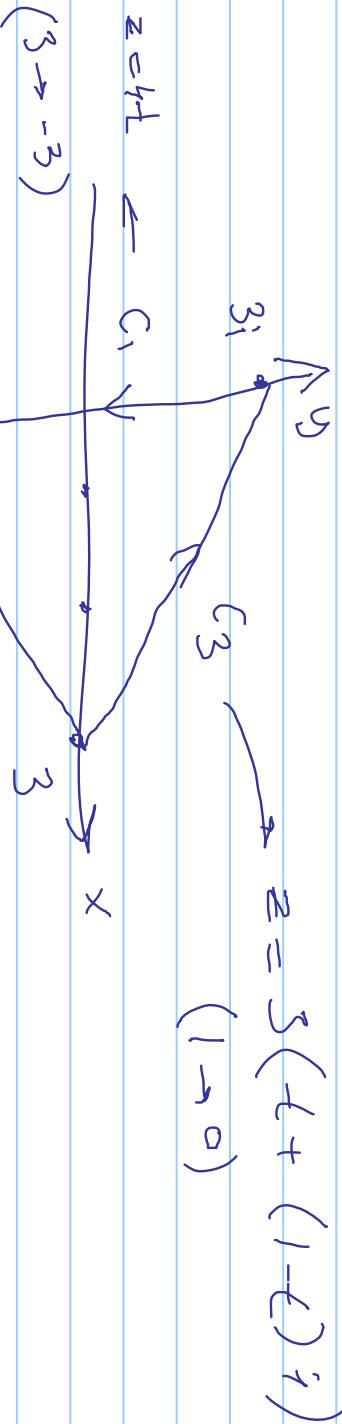
0

Problem 3

$$z = 3(-t + (1-t)i)$$

$$(1 \rightarrow 0)$$

parameters
for MATLAB
&
integral limits



$$(3 \rightarrow -3)$$

$$(0 \rightarrow 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(\int_C \frac{4}{z-2} dz + \int_C \frac{-3}{z-1} dz + \int_C \frac{-1}{(z-1)^2} dz \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i}$$

```
% FOR PROBLEM 3
clear all; close all; clc;
syms t;
```

```
a = 1;
b = 2;
```

```
% Contour path AB
C1 = double(int((-i*t^2/(i*t-a)^2/(i*t-b)), 3, -3))
```

```
% Contour path BC
C2 = double(int((3*(1+i)*9*(t-i*(1-t))^2/(3*(t-i*(1-t))-a)^2/(3*(t-i*(1-t))-b)), 0, 1))
```

```
% Contour path CA
C3 = double(int((3*(1-i)*9*(t+i*(1-t))^2/(3*(t+i*(1-t))-a)^2/(3*(t+i*(1-t))-b)), 1, 0))
```

```
% Total Integral
C = C1+C2+C3
```